The Promenade de Saint-Pierre is the remains of a basilica dating back to the 4th century which was consecrated in 1146 as the cathedral of the city, by the Bishop of Geneva. The earlier church had been built in 426 on the site of an ancient temple and was converted into a cathedral in 547. The current building dates from 1840, after the fire of 1832 that destroyed earlier structures. The facade was designed by architect Jean-Claude Hardy and features the statue of Saint Peter, patron saint of the city. The cathedral is open to the public and contains numerous religious artefacts and paintings, including the famous painting "The Last Supper" by Guido Reni.

The hill of the old town "History and city"

The hill of St. Peter's tower has been preserved above the old town for centuries. The tower, along with the surrounding walls and buildings, is an excellent example of medieval architecture. The hill itself is a popular destination for tourists, who can enjoy stunning views of the city and the lake. The hill is also home to several museums and cultural institutions, including the Museum of the History of Science and Technology, which exhibits a collection of scientific instruments and artefacts from the 18th and 19th centuries.

The Cathédrale Lausanne is a Roman Catholic cathedral located in the city of Lausanne, Switzerland. It is the seat of the Bishop of Lausanne and the Archdiocese of Lausanne. The cathedral was built in the 12th century and is a fine example of Romanesque architecture. It was damaged by a fire in 1872 and partially reconstructed in the 20th century. The cathedral is an important cultural and historical landmark in the region.

Cité Palatine

The Cité Palatine is an archaeological site located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is the site of the ancient Roman city of Convenantum, which was founded in the 1st century AD. The site contains several important archaeological remains, including the ruins of the Roman forum, the basilica of St. John, and the theatre. The site is open to the public and is a popular destination for tourists and historians.

The Château de Genève is a castle located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It was built in the 14th century as a fortress and has served as a military garrison, administrative centre, and prison. The castle was partially destroyed during the French Revolution and was subsequently restored. It is now a museum and includes exhibits on the history of Geneva, including the role of the city as a political and cultural centre.

The Musée d'Art et d'Histoire is a museum located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is one of the oldest museums in the country and contains a large collection of paintings, sculptures, and other works of art. The museum is housed in the Palais de la Bourse, a building that was originally constructed in the 18th century as a town hall.

La Promenade de la Treille is a pedestrian and bicycle path located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It runs along the Rhône River and provides a scenic route for visitors to explore the city's many attractions. The path is lined with trees and offers stunning views of the river and the surrounding landscape.

The Musée des Beaux-Arts is a museum located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is one of the largest art museums in the country and contains a collection of over 15,000 works of art, including paintings, sculptures, and other works. The museum is housed in the Palais de la Bourse and is open to the public.

The Musée International de la Réforme is a museum located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is dedicated to the history of the Reformation, which took place in the 16th century and had a significant impact on the development of Western Christianity. The museum contains a collection of artefacts and exhibits related to the Reformation, including works of art, paintings, and other historical objects.

The District of Neuve

The district of Neuve is one of the oldest parts of the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is located on the left bank of the Rhône River and was originally a fortified area. The district has undergone several transformations over the centuries, and today it is a mix of old and new buildings.

The Musée Barrié-Mueller is a museum located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is dedicated to the history of the towns and cities of the Rhône Valley region. The museum contains a collection of artefacts and exhibits related to the history of the region, including paintings, sculptures, and other works of art.

The Musée Raths is a museum located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It is one of the oldest museums in the country and contains a large collection of paintings, sculptures, and other works of art. The museum is housed in the Palais de la Bourse and is open to the public.

La Promenade des Bastions is a pedestrian and bicycle path located in the city of Geneva, Switzerland. It runs along the Rhône River and provides a scenic route for visitors to explore the city's many attractions. The path is lined with trees and offers stunning views of the river and the surrounding landscape.